HSBC Trade Academy: Understanding Incoterms

15th Nov 2023

It's great doing business as we get a better understanding of trade



Agenda

- **♦** Introduction
- Overview of Articles A and B
- **♦** Summary of Incoterms
- ♦ Incoterms 2020 all 11

Introduction - Incoterms

What are Incoterms?

- Incoterms refer to International Commercial Terms, rules for the interpretation of commonly used trade terms
- It is a document published by the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC)
- ◆ It is voluntary in nature and binding on parties only if it is incorporated into the trade contract

Why are Incoterms important?

- Clearly communicate the tasks, costs, and risks associated with the transportation and delivery of goods between buyer & seller.
- Simplify sales contracts by defining respective obligations, costs, and risks involved in the delivery of goods

Incoterms DO NOT ...

- Define a complete contract
- Bind other parties beyond seller and buyer
- Define transfer of title or ownership
- Define payment
- Address breach of contract
- ◆ Apply by default. The use of Incoterms must be specified in the contract

Incoterms 2010 vs. 2020

- ◆ More emphasis in the introduction on choosing the right rule
- Appropriate usage in the sale/purchase contracts
- ◆ Clearer explanation of inter relation of ancillary contracts, such as sales contracts, letters of credits, or insurance contracts, etc.
- Upgraded explanatory notes for each rule
- ◆ Re-ordering of articles in each rule to highlight delivery and risk
- ◆ It is a document published by the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC)
- ♦ It is voluntary in nature and binding on parties only if it is incorporated into the trade contract

Incoterms – A and B articles defining obligations of the Seller and the Buyer

♦ A1 / B1 General Obligations

◆ A2 / B2 Delivery / Taking delivery

♦ A3 / B3 Transfer of risks

♦ A4 / B4 Carriage

♦ A5 / B5 Insurance

◆ A6 / B6 Delivery / transport document

◆ A7 / B7 Export / import clearance

◆ A8 / B8 Checking / packaging / marking

♦ A9 / B9 Allocation of costs

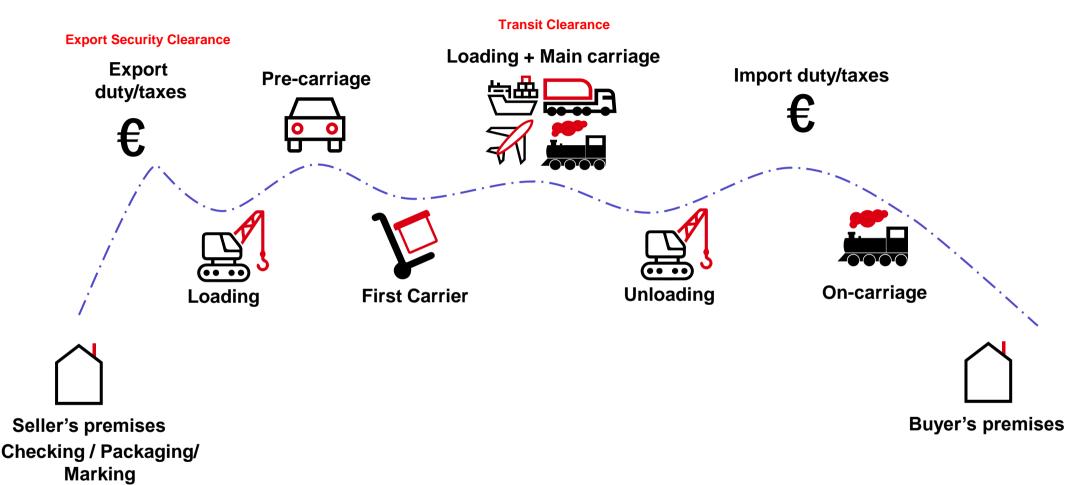
◆ A10 / B10 Notices



Incoterms chart

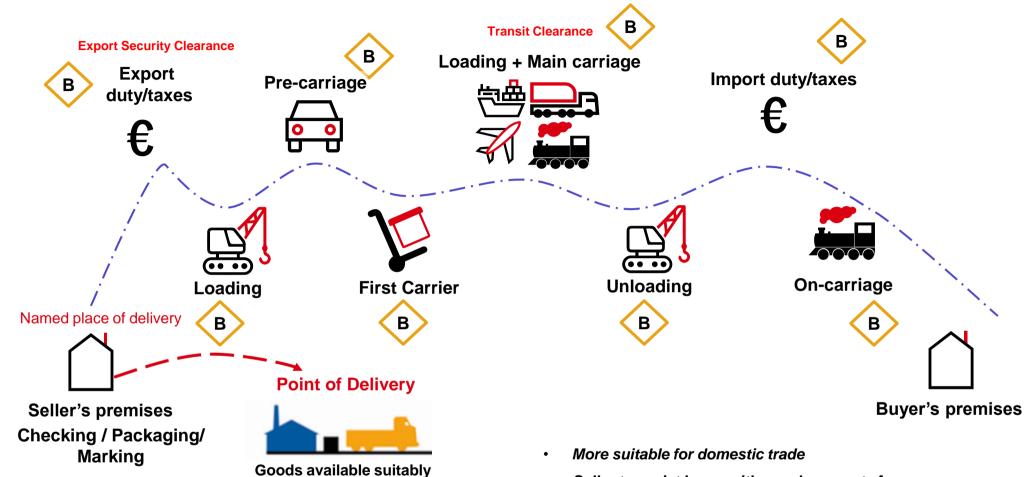
Incoterm	Abbr.	Transfer of Risk/Delivery	Packing Goods	Export Custom Duties	Export Security Clearance	Pre Carriage	Loading Charges	Main Carriage	Insurance	Transit Clearance	Unloading Charges Arriving Means of Transport	Import Custom Duties	On Carriage
All Modes of T	Γransport												
Ex-Works	EXW	When goods placed @ the disposal of buyer @ the named place	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Free Carrier	FCA	When goods placed @ the disposal of buyer loaded on the buyer's means of transport or ready for unloading form seller's means of transport @ named place	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Carriage Paid To	CPT	When goods are handed over to first carrier (Of Seller)	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Carriage Insurance paid to	d CIP	When goods are handed over to first carrier(Of Seller)	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Delivered at Place	DAP	When goods placed @ the disposal of buyer @ the named place ready for unloading from arriving means of transport	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Seller
Delivered at Place Unloaded	DPU	When goods placed @ the disposal of buyer @ the named place unloaded from arriving means of transport	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Seller
Delivered Duty Paid	^y DDP	When goods placed @ the disposal of buyer @ the named place ready for unloading from arriving means of transport	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Seller	Seller
Sea and Inland		ays											
Free Alongsid Ship	^e FAS	When goods placed alongside the ship	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Free On Board	d FOB	When goods are placed on board the vessel	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Cost and Freight	CFR	When goods are placed on board the vessel	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Cost Insurance & Freight	e CIF	When goods are placed on board the vessel	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer

Journey of Goods



EXW (named place of delivery)

Least Obligation for Seller



Risk

Cost

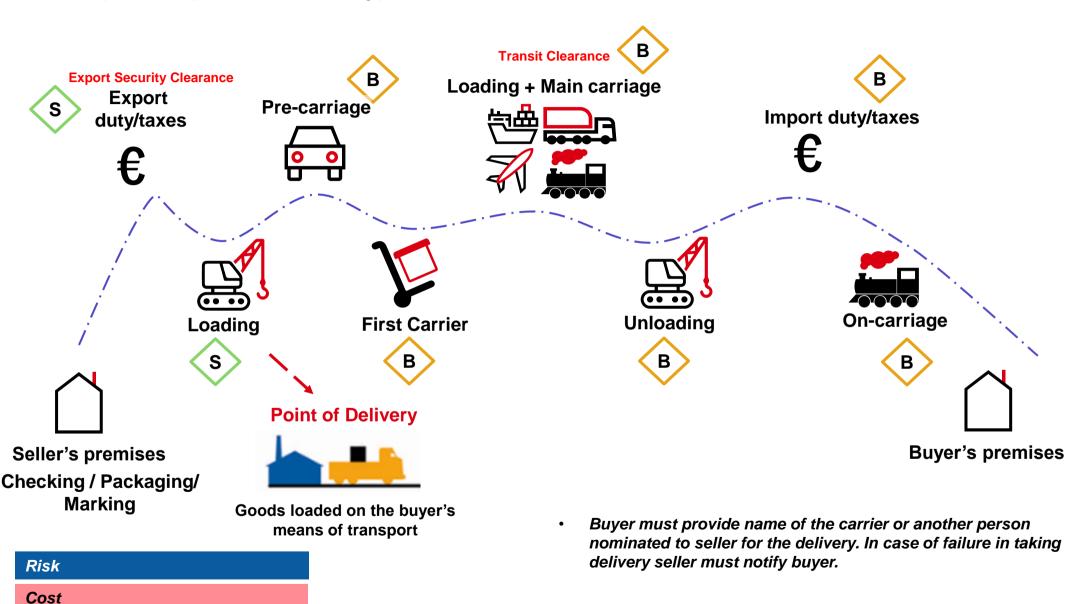
Insurance

- Seller to assist buyer with any documents for export/transit/import clearance formalities
- Buyer must provide the seller with appropriate evidence of having taken delivery

packed at seller's premises

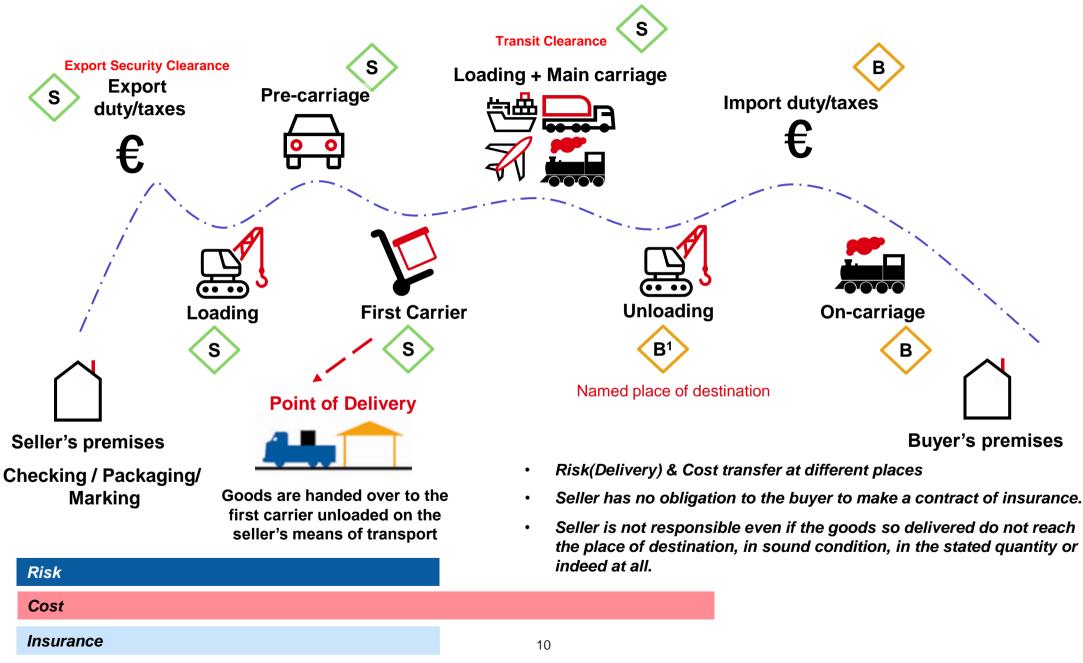
FCA (named place of delivery) Seller's Place

Insurance



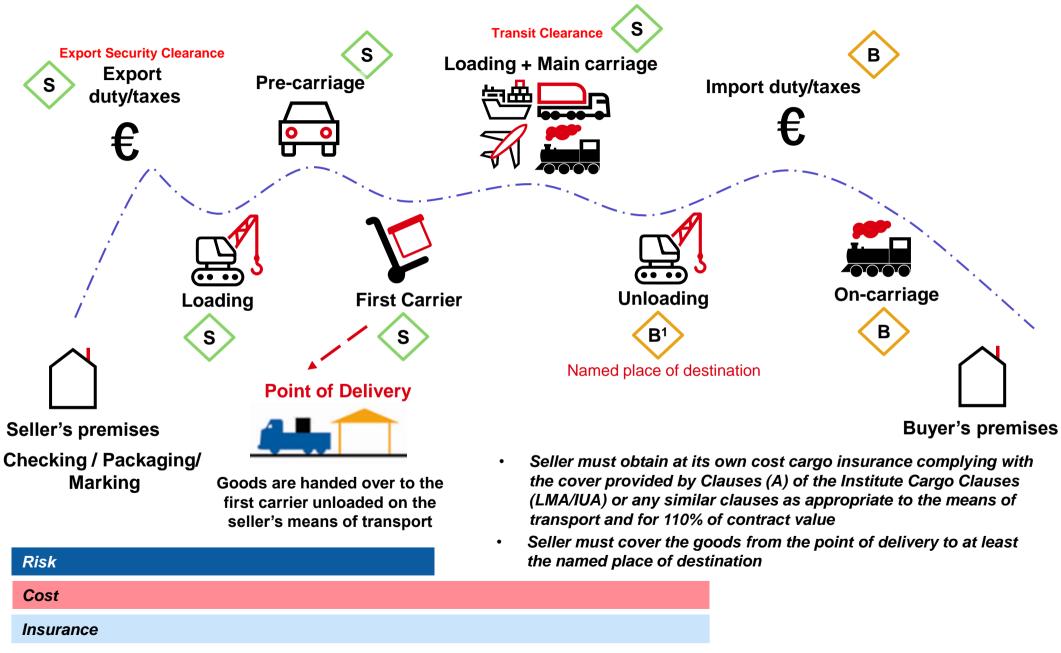
9

CPT (named place of destination)



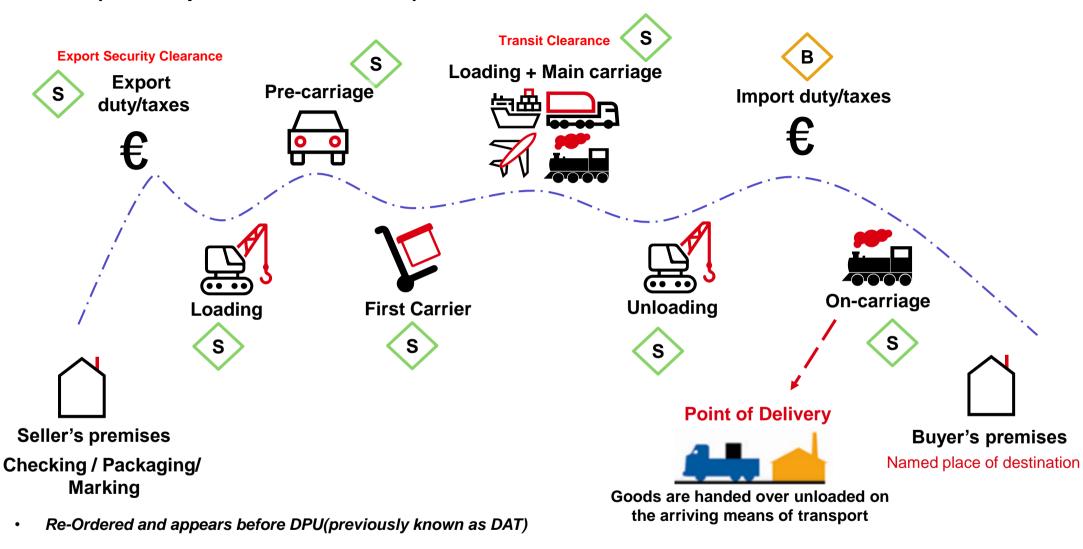
B¹ May be of seller account if agreed under the contract of parriage.

CIP (named place of destination)



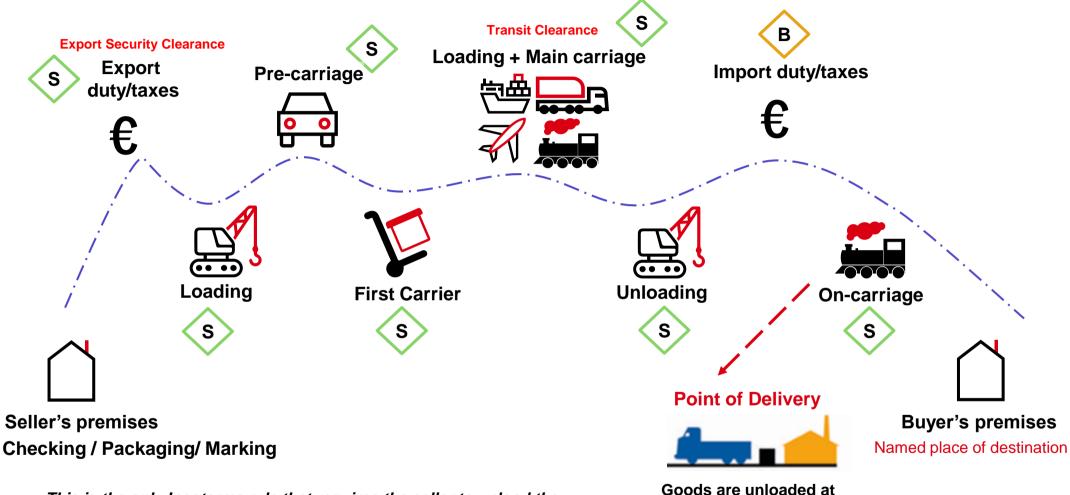
B1 May be of seller account if agreed under the contract of carriage.

DAP (named place of destination)



Risk
Cost
Insurance

DPU (named place of destination)



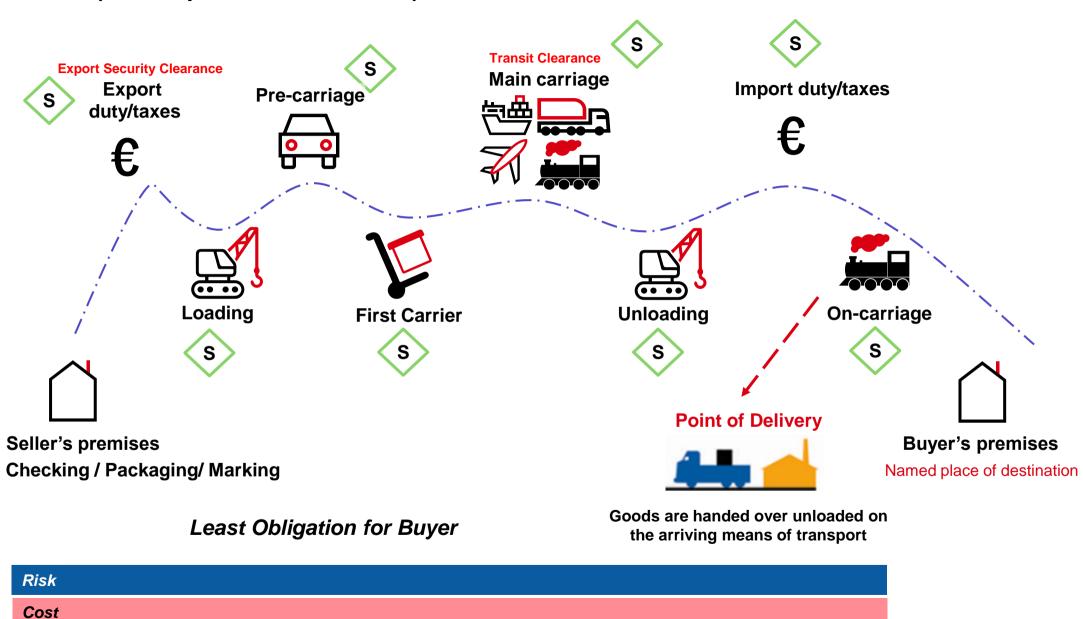
• This is the only Incoterms rule that requires the seller to unload the goods at destination

Risk
Cost
Insurance

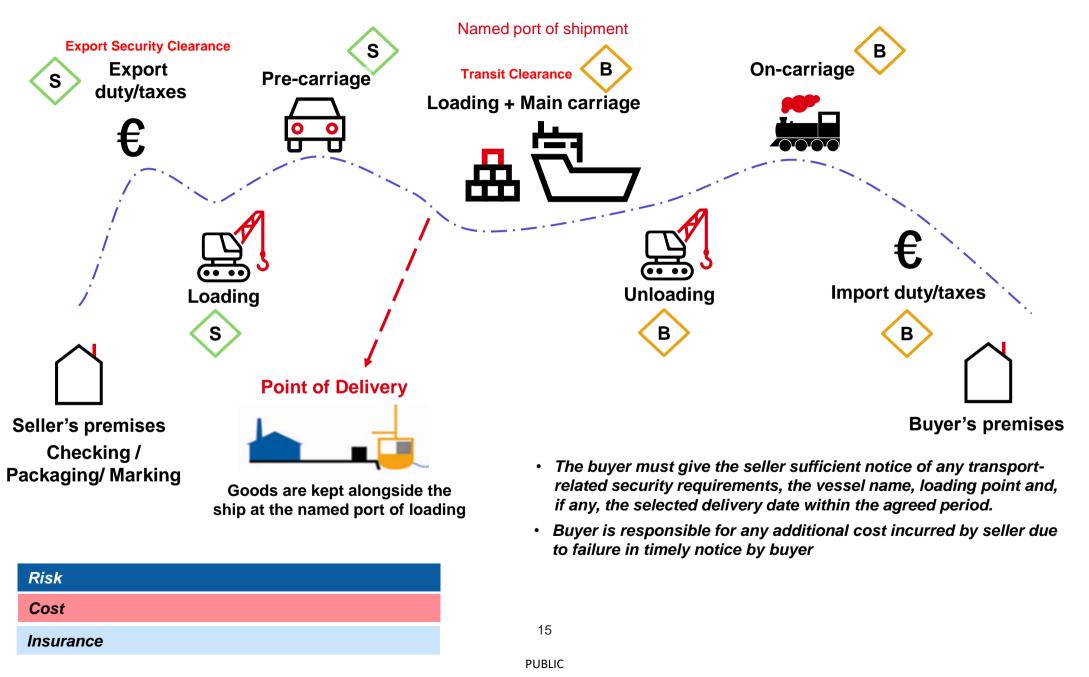
the named place

DDP (named place of destination)

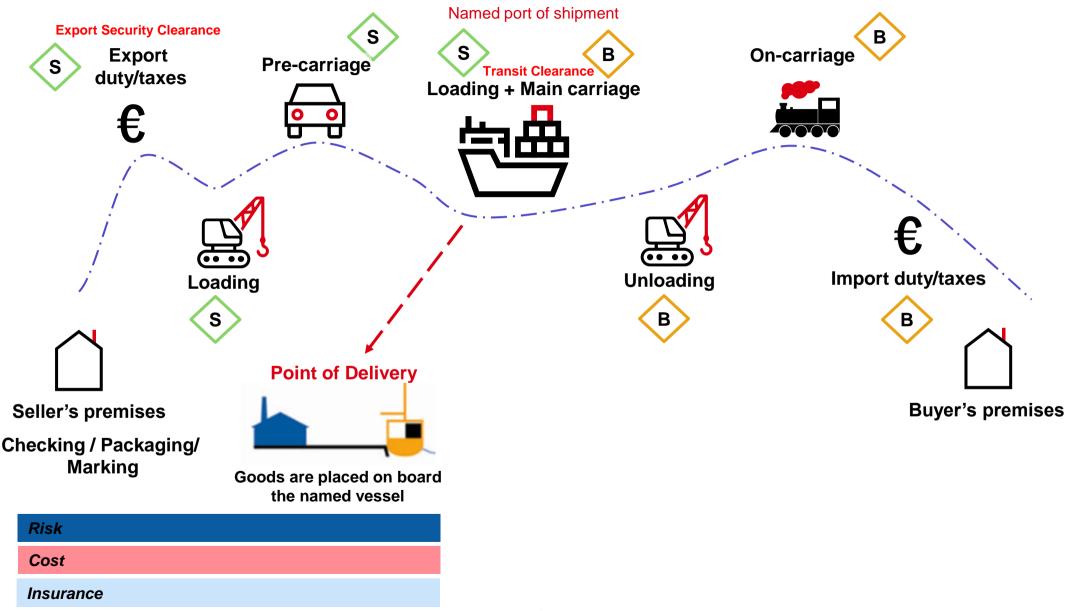
Insurance



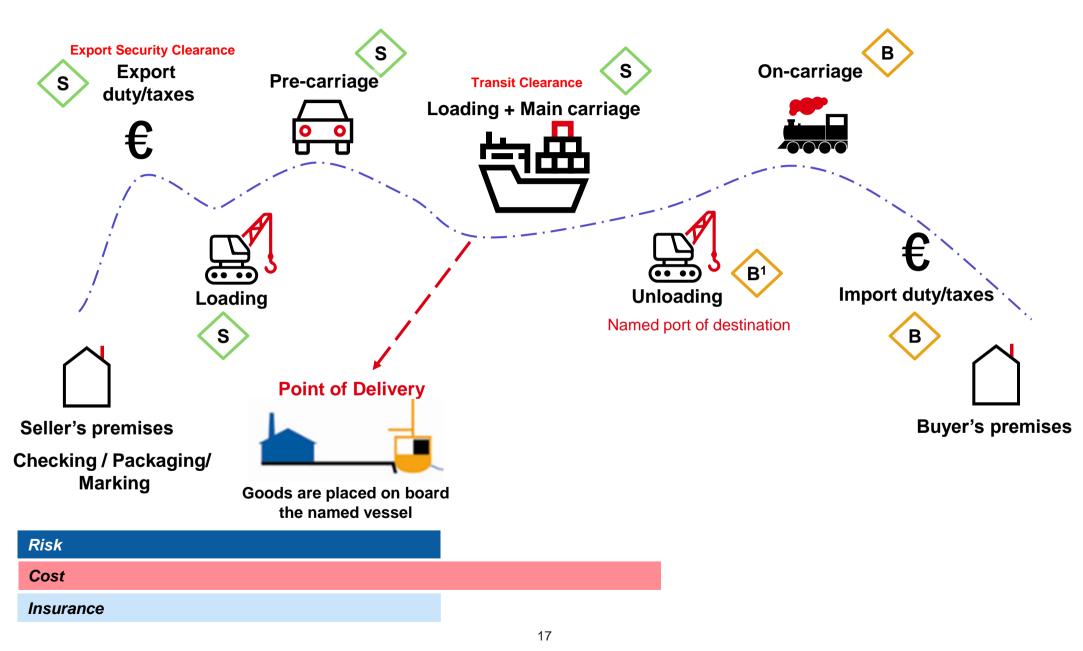
FAS (named port of shipment)



FOB (named port of shipment)

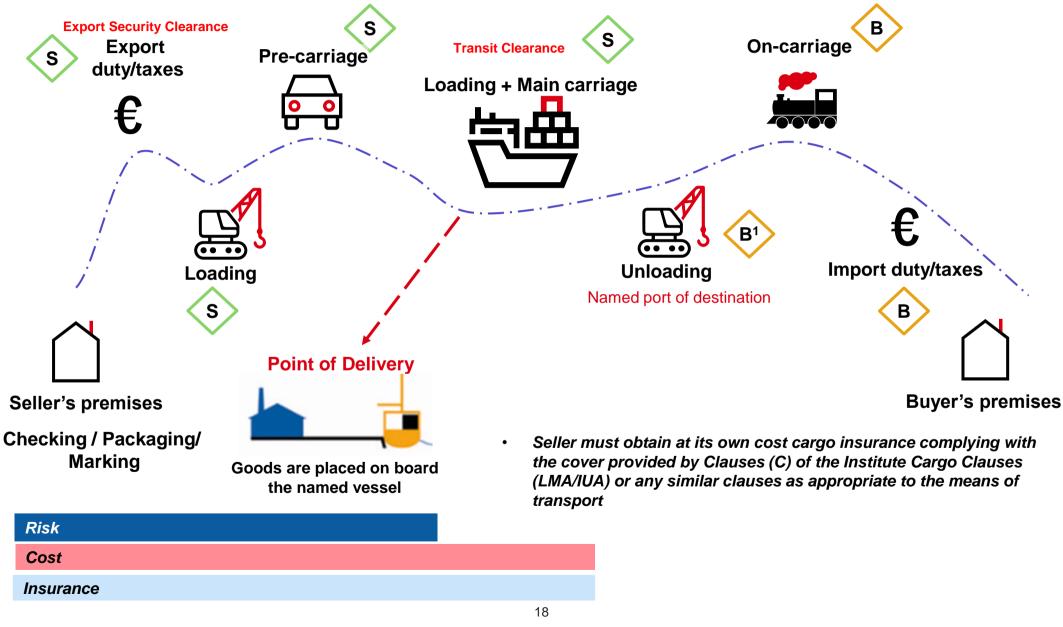


CFR (named port of destination)



B¹ May be of seller account if agreed under the contract of Garriage.

CIF (named port of destination)



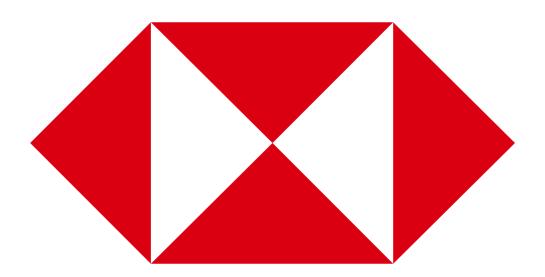
B¹ May be of seller account if agreed under the contract of garriage.

Use of Insurance for Incoterms CIP and CIF

- ◆ CIP seller takes responsibility for arranging and paying for carriage of goods to a named destination including insurance coverage
- Insurance is covered for the period of transportation, however, upon arrival at destination, risk shifts to the buyer

- ◆ CIF seller's responsibility is similar to CIP, however, the insurance coverage is extended beyond the transportation to destination port; it is until the goods are discharged at destination port
- ◆ Seller bears the risk until goods are completely unloaded at destination

Questions?



Disclaimer

© Copyright HSBC Bank Middle East Limited 2023. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored, distributed or transmitted in any form without the prior written permission of HSBC Bank Middle East Limited.

This document is issued by HSBC Bank Middle East Limited (HSBC) and is intended for reference and illustrative purposes only. It does not constitute an offer or advice for you to purchase from or otherwise enter into a transaction with HSBC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates.

The information contained in this document may include information from third parties who HSBC believe to be reliable but such information will not have been independently verified by HSBC. All information contained in this document (including without limitation, information about products, terms and conditions, pricing, forecasts, market influences and HSBC policy) is subject to change from time to time without any obligation on HSBC to give notice of such change to you.

Whilst HSBC will try to ensure that the information in this document is current, accurate and complete at the date of publication, it cannot guarantee this and therefore it makes no representation (express or implied) about the currency, accuracy or completeness of that information. HSBC cannot accept liability for any direct, indirect or consequential losses arising from the use of or the reliance on the information contained in this document by any person and such liability is excluded to the maximum extent permitted by law. You are responsible for making your own evaluation about the products referred to in this document. HSBC recommends that before you make any decision or take any action that might affect you or your business, you consult with suitably qualified professional advisers to obtain the appropriate financial, legal, accounting, tax or other advice.

Issued by HSBC Bank Middle East Limited U.A.E Branch, P.O.Box 66, Dubai, U.A.E, regulated by the Central Bank of the U.A.E and lead regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority.